

A CHRONOLOGICAL HISTORY OF THE AIR NATIONAL GUARD AND ITS ANTECEDENTS, JUNE 1908 - 2012

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June 1912. Beckwith Havens, a pilot employed by pioneer aircraft builder Glenn H. Curtiss, enlisted in the New York National Guard's 1st Company, Signal Corps as a private.¹

3 Jun 1916. On this day, the National Guard officially got its name after Congress passed an important act to strengthen the U.S. military. On 3 June 1916, the National Defense Act made the use of the term "National Guard" mandatory for state militias, and the act gave the President the authority to mobilize the Guard during war or national emergencies here, for service or in different parts of the world, for the duration of the event that caused the mobilization. The Act was intended to guarantee the State militias' status as the nation's primary reserve force. In 1933, the National Guard officially became a component of the Army. State militias had been around in some form since the early 1600s and they represent the oldest-known segment of the U.S. defense infrastructure. The role of state militias was frequently mentioned in the Constitution. Article 1, Section 8, defined the duties of the federal government and the states in forming militias, and using them within the United States. The National Defense Act of 1916 also doubled the number of yearly drills and tripled the number of training days; established the Reserve Officer Training Corps; and paid for 375 new airplanes, thereby creating the Army's first Air Division. President Woodrow Wilson championed the move as part of a preparedness effort related to World War I. The newly formed National Guard's first mission in 1916 was to help Army forces battling Mexican revolutionary Pancho Villa on the Mexican border. During World War I, the National Guard accounted for 40 percent of the troop strength in the American Expeditionary Force. The militias or National Guard of the 54 states, territories, and the District of Columbia contributed to every military campaign the U.S. had been involved with. The National Guard has a state and federal role. In a state role, it responds to various

domestic situations such as fighting forest fires and assisting communities recover from natural disasters. In the state role, the governors have the ability to call up Guard members. The President also has the right to mobilize the Guard, putting members on federal duty status (federal role).¹

29 June 1916. Hiram Bingham, a history professor at Yale University who had rediscovered the largely forgotten Incan city of Machu Picchu in July 1911, joined the Connecticut National Guard as a private. A strong aviation advocate, Lt. Col. Bingham became a pilot and commanded the Army's aviation school at Issoudun, France during World War I after he transferred to the Officer Reserve Corps of the Signal Corps. While a U.S. Senator from Connecticut, he was appointed to the President's Aircraft Board by President Calvin Coolidge in 1925.²

30 June 1916. The Second Aero Company, New York National Guard, was mustered in Buffalo under the command of Capt. John Sutterfield.³

29 June 1921. The 104th Squadron (redesignated the 104th Observation Squadron on 25 January 1923), Maryland National Guard, received federal recognition. It emerged from a flying club active in Baltimore during 1919 and 1920. Initially, its 34 members had no uniforms or aircraft. They trained every Saturday afternoon at Logan Field in Dundalk, Maryland. Their training initially consisted of military drill and instruction about aviation topics.⁴

30 June 1922. The Militia Bureau reported that 53 Army airplanes had been issued to 6 National Guard aviation units by this date.⁵

23 June 1923. The 110th Observation Squadron, Missouri National Guard, received federal recognition.⁶

27 June 1923. The 120th Observation Squadron, Colorado National Guard, received federal recognition.⁷

¹ (U) Article (U), "(U) An important landmark anniversary for the National Guard," *Constitution Daily*, 4 June 2014, PA Update, 4 June 2014, **SD 1067**

29 June 1923. The 111th Observation Squadron, Texas National Guard, received federal recognition.⁸

16 June 1924. The 115th Observation Squadron, California National Guard, received Federal recognition.⁹

27 June 1924. The 103rd Observation Squadron, Pennsylvania National Guard, received federal recognition.¹⁰

30 June 1926. The Militia Bureau reported that, during the fiscal year ending on this date [FY 1926], that 11,954 aircraft hours and 21,585 man hours were flown. The average flying time per pilot that year was 66 hours, 47 minutes.¹¹

20 June 1927. The 112th Observation Squadron, Ohio National Guard, received federal recognition. This brought the total number of National Guard aviation units to 17. They were manned by 330 officers and 1,636 enlisted men.¹²

30 June 1927. The Militia Bureau reported that, during the fiscal year ending this date [FY 1927], that 15,706 aircraft hours and 28,766 man hours were flown. The average flying time per pilot that year was 74 hours, 47 minutes.¹³

June 1927. 14 of the 17 Guard aviation units began modernizing their aircraft inventories, receiving Douglas O-2C and Curtiss O-11 observation aircraft plus Consolidated PT-1 and Douglas BT-1 trainers. That was part of a plan approved by the Militia Bureau and the Army during Fiscal Year 1926 to phase out the Guard's aging Curtiss JNS trainers.¹⁴

7 June 1932. An Ohio National Guard Douglas O-38 flown by 2nd Lt. Karl E. Bushong dropped 25 tear gas bombs on a group of protestors near a mine and sprayed an adjacent hillside with machine gun fire to scare them away at the request of the Guernsey County sheriff. The protestors, mostly angry women who had been stoning working miners during a coal strike, dispersed.¹⁵

30 June 1932. 2nd Lt. Karl E. Bushong dropped tear gas bombs from his Ohio National Guard Douglas O-38 on several boatloads of West Virginia coal miners

crossing the Ohio River at Powhatan to work as strike breakers in coal mines in the Buckeye state. He supported boatloads of striking Ohio coal miners who had intercepted the West Virginia miners in mid river. While the naval battle between 15 boatloads of miners armed with clubs and oars was progressing, Ohio National Guard soldiers fired machine gun tracer rounds at the far bank of the river to persuade would-be strike breakers to remain in West Virginia.¹⁶

June 1939. Lieutenant Colonel Benjamin F. Giles, an Army Air Corps Officer, replaced Colonel Clarence L. Tinker as Chief of the National Guard Bureau's Aviation Division.¹⁷

6 June 1944. 2nd Lt Robert Curtis and 1st Lt Robert Stone, pilots assigned to the 109th Reconnaissance Squadron (formerly the 109th Observation Squadron, Minnesota National Guard), were killed on missions along the French coast during the Normandy invasion.¹⁸

6 June 1944. 1st Lt. Donald J. Smith, a prewar enlisted member of the Illinois National Guard's 108th Observation Squadron, was shot down while piloting his B-24 on a bombing raid against the oil refineries at Ploesti, Romania. He parachuted safely from his burning aircraft, evaded capture by German forces, and escaped to allied lines in Italy months later with the aid of Yugoslav partisans. After the war, he rejoined the Illinois National Guard and rose to the rank of major general in its ANG organization.¹⁹

27 June 1944. Personnel and several F-6As from the 107th Tactical Reconnaissance Squadron, formerly the 107th Observation Squadron, Michigan National Guard, became the first Army Air Forces tactical reconnaissance unit to operate from France.²⁰

June 1944. The 118th Tactical Reconnaissance Squadron, formerly the 118th Observation Squadron, Connecticut National Guard, was attached to and then assigned to the 23rd Fighter Group -- heir of the Flying Tigers -- in China. It flew Curtiss P-40Ns and then North American F-6Cs.²¹

5 June 1946. The mission of the Air Defense Command with respect to Air Guard units was changed by the Army Air Forces to only training rather than

holding them in a high state of operational readiness.²²

30 June 1946. The 120th Fighter Squadron, Colorado National Guard, was extended federal recognition. Slated to be equipped with P-51D's, it was the first unit to be federally recognized after World War II in what was to become a brand new reserve component in September 1947, the Air National Guard.²³

16 June 1948. California's 196th Fighter Squadron became the first Air Guard unit to complete its conversion to jets and was redesignated the 196th Fighter Squadron (Jet). The 196th was equipped with brand new Lockheed P-80C Shooting Stars which had been ordered during Fiscal Year (FY) 1947 and FY 1948 to equip five ANG squadrons.²⁴

25 June 1948. The 196th Fighter Squadron, California ANG, received brand new F-80C Shooting Star fighters.²⁵

June 1948. A concerted recruiting drive by the 131st Fighter Squadron, Massachusetts ANG, coinciding with the impending passage of a peacetime federal draft law netted 50 brand new members of the unit during a single evening.²⁶

30 June 1949. The ANG's personnel end strength (Fiscal Year 1949) reached 40,995.²⁷

25 June 1950. The Korean War began when the North Koreans invaded South Korea.²⁸

30 June 1950. The Air National Guard's personnel end strength (Fiscal Year 1950) reached 44,728 including approximately 3,600 pilots.²⁹

19 June 1951. Congress passed the "Universal Training and Military Service Act." Among its provisions, the legislation required each male drafted after 21 June 1951 to serve two years of active duty and then six more in a reserve component. The service secretaries were authorized to permit any man who entered organized units of the Guard or other reserve components to be released from serving in the regular armed forces.³⁰

21 June 1951. Headquarters United States Air Force changed the scheduled 90-day temporary duty of the Washington state Air Guard's 116th Fighter Interceptor Squadron to England to a permanent change of station move there.³¹

25 June 1951. The Air Force reported that pilots in the 111th Fighter Bomber Squadron (FBS), Texas ANG, and 154th FBS, Arkansas ANG, averaged approximately 20 hours of F-84 flying time prior to reporting to the Far East Air Forces.³²

26 June 1951. Pilots of the 182nd Fighter Bomber Squadron, Texas Air Guard, flew a strike against an airfield at Yongu, North Korea from their base at Itazuke AB, Japan.³³

26 June 1951. While escorting B-29s near "MiG Alley" over North Korea, 1st Lt. Arthur E. Olinger and Capt. Harry Underwood of the 182nd Fighter Bomber Squadron, Texas ANG, flying F-84s, shared credit for the Air Guard's first jet kill, a MiG-15.³⁴

30 June 1951. As of this date, approximately 38,000 Air Guardsmen had been called to extended active duty because of the Korean War. Of the 5,148 ANG officers mobilized, 52 percent were pilots.³⁵

30 June 1951. The Chief of the National Guard Bureau reported that, effective this date, organizational changes, primarily adoption of the Air Force's Wing Base Plan, had increased the ANG's authorized personnel strength from 57,709 to 79,449.³⁶

30 June 1956. The Air National Guard's personnel end strength (Fiscal Year 1956) reached 63,534 including 3,451 pilots.³⁷

30 June 1957. The ANG's personnel end strength (Fiscal Year 1957) reached 67,950 including 3,681 pilots.³⁸

30 June 1958. The Air Guard's personnel end strength (Fiscal Year 1958)

reached 69,995 including 3,777 pilots.³⁹

7 June 1959. 300 North Carolina Air Guardsmen were called to State Active Duty (SAD) to maintain law and order at the Harriet-Henderson textile mills in Henderson, North Carolina. They relieved North Carolina Army Guardsmen who had been performing SAD there during a bitter textile mill strike.⁴⁰

30 June 1959. The Air Guard's personnel end strength (Fiscal Year 1959) reached 70,994 including 3,678 pilots.⁴¹

30 June 1959. Colorado's "Minute Men," the Air National Guard's official aerial demonstration team, was disbanded. Its federal funding had been eliminated.⁴²

30 June 1959. During the fiscal year ending on this date, the Air Guard's air defense runway alert program was expanded to 22 fighter squadrons. Under that program, seven of them performed alert duties around-the-clock while the remaining 15 units exercised those responsibilities 14 hours per day mostly between dawn and dusk.⁴³

3 June 1960. The first four Convair F-102 Delta Daggers were delivered to an Air Guard unit, the 182nd Fighter Interceptor Squadron at Kelly AFB, Texas.⁴⁴

30 June 1962. During Fiscal Year 1962 which ended on this date, the Massachusetts' Air Guard's 267th Communications Group began furnishing a complete shift of workers two nights each week for the Communications Center of the Air Force Space Track and Research Development Facility at Hanscom AFB.⁴⁵

June 1962. A C-97A and crew from the New York Air Guard's 109th Air Transport Group, mobilized during the Berlin crisis, flew a cargo of communications equipment from Dover AFB, Delaware to Nha Trang, Vietnam.⁴⁶

17 June 1963. Maj. Robert A. Rushworth, an Air Force test pilot and former Maine Air Guardsman, became the second winged astronaut after his X-15 attained an altitude of approximately 54 miles. Rushworth received his Air Force astronaut wings from Gen. Curtis LeMay, Air Force Chief of Staff, in a ceremony at the Pentagon on 25 July 1963.⁴⁷

June 1963. A crew from Wyoming's 187th Aeromedical Transportation Squadron, became the first Air Guardsmen to complete a six-week Lockheed C-121G training program conducted by the U.S. Navy at Moffett Field, California and ferry one of those aircraft to their home station at Cheyenne.⁴⁸

8 June 1964. The Secretary of the Army assigned the new mission of Military Support of Civil Defense in the Continental United States to the Adjutants General and their state headquarters.⁴⁹

8-12 June 1964. The Montana ANG's 120th Fighter Group flew a C-47 and a pair of T-33s to carry cargo and locate victims of flooding of tributaries of the Sun River after heavy rains and melting snow caused them to overflow their banks near Glacier National Park.⁵⁰

30 June 1964. The Air Defense Command's runway alert program continued through Fiscal Year 1964 with 24 Air Guard fighter squadrons participating. All but one of those units provided around-the-clock coverage seven days a week each with two aircraft on five-minute alert and two more on one-hour status. The Puerto Rico Air Guard's 198th Tactical Fighter Squadron performed

14-hour alert, 7 days a week with 2 aircraft on 5-minute alert and 2 aircraft on 1-hour status.⁵¹

June 1964. The National Guard Bureau began periodically tasking the command post of the Tennessee Air Guard's 118th Military Airlift Wing in Nashville to coordinate, schedule, and monitor ANG domestic airlift missions as well as overseas training flights and Military Airlift Command channel missions to Southeast Asia. That organization became known as the ANG Air Operations Center. It was the precursor of the Air National Guard Readiness Center at Andrews AFB, Maryland.⁵²

June 1964. To protect Great Falls, Montana against flooding, 375 Air Guardsmen from the 120th Fighter Group assisted in sandbagging, evacuating threatened areas, patrolling, providing fixed and mobile communications, fire protection, and ground transportation. The unit's C-47 mission support aircraft flew 33 missions delivering emergency supplies and personnel.⁵³

16 June 1965. As flood waters raged through metropolitan Denver and the eastern plains region of Colorado, approximately 225 Air Guardsmen joined ARNG soldiers and civil authorities in disaster assistance operations.⁵⁴

13-15 June 1966. Elements of the Montana Air Guard's 120th Fighter Group deployed to a base in Alberta, Canada with their F-89J fighter-interceptors for training during "Operation Cold Lake" and were supported there by Royal Canadian Air Force personnel.⁵⁵

30 June 1966. 22 ANG fighter squadrons participated in the Air Defense Command's alert program during Fiscal Year 1966 providing around-the-clock coverage with 2 or 3 aircraft at each unit on 5 or 15 minute alert.⁵⁶

29 June 1967. A C-124 from Mississippi's 172nd Military Airlift Group landed at DaNang Air Base, South Vietnam. It was the Air Guard's 1,000th airlift mission to that war ravaged nation.⁵⁷

8 June 1968. The Colorado Air Guard's 120th Tactical Fighter Squadron, deployed to Phan Rang Air Base, flew its first combat mission in Vietnam.⁵⁸

24 June 1968. The Air National Guard Non Commissioned Officer Academy officially began operations as a permanent all-Guard organization at the McGhee Tyson Air National Guard Base near Knoxville, Tennessee after a successful test of a pilot course there in 1967.⁵⁹

June 1968. The Maryland Air Guard's 104th Fighter Squadron, which had been mobilized during the *Pueblo* crisis, was transferred to Cannon AFB, New Mexico where it began training Air Force forward air controllers. That month, the Maryland Air Guardsmen also adopted a live tarantula as the unit's mascot.⁶⁰

June 1968. The 196th Fighter Interceptor Squadron, California ANG, and the Alaskan Air Command began planning for the possible deployment of the formers' F-102 aircraft and support personnel to deploy to Alaska to conduct the unit's annual training, something which had never been done before. That initial planning was done without the involvement of the Aerospace Defense Command.⁶¹

10 June 1969. Members of the mobilized 127th Tactical Fighter Squadron, Kansas ANG, returned from Korea to their home station.⁶²

11 June 1969. By this date, all four Air Guard tactical fighter units mobilized in 1968 had returned from South Vietnam to the U.S. During their deployment, they flew 24,124 sorties and accumulated 38,614 combat flying hours. If the Air Force's preponderantly Air National Guard (volunteers) 355th Tactical Fighter Squadron was included, those totals rose to approximately 30,000 sorties and 50,000 combat hours. ANG combat losses in South Vietnam were seven pilots and one intelligence officer killed in action plus 14 aircraft destroyed.⁶³

18 June 1969. Mobilized members of the 127th Tactical Fighter Squadron (TFS), Kansas ANG, and the 166th TFS, Ohio ANG, were released from federal active duty and returned to state service following their deployment to Korea.⁶⁴

June 1969. Under Operation Prime Hawk, seven combat ready Air Guard F-100 pilots from Missouri's 131st Tactical Fighter Group arrived in Vietnam to

beef up Air Force fighter units there. During the operation's 139 day duration, the ANG volunteers flew 159 combat missions and accumulated hundreds of combat flying hours. Some of them returned home after 90 days while others remained for 139 days.⁶⁵

30 June 1971. The Air Guard took over Selfridge AFB, Michigan from the Air Force. The installation was renamed Selfridge Air National Guard Base.⁶⁶

23 June 1972. In the wake of Hurricane Agnes, crews and C-130As of the New York Air National Guard's 139th Tactical Airlift Squadron flew 105 flood relief missions to communities in their home state. Crews and C-121s from the Pennsylvania Air Guard's 171st Aeromedical Airlift Wing flew food to flood ravaged communities in that state. Other Pennsylvania ANG units provided medical assistance and set up a communications networks to assist in flood recovery efforts in the Keystone State. Altogether, ANG units airlifted nearly 690,000 pounds of cargo to flood stricken communities in New York and Pennsylvania following Hurricane Agnes.⁶⁷

29 June 1973. ANG F-102s and pilots assumed five minute alert status at Davis-Monthan AFB, Arizona completing the Guard's requirements, first implemented on 6 October 1972, to strengthen the air defenses of the southern border of the U.S.⁶⁸

June 1973. New Jersey's 150th Tactical Airlift Squadron became the first ANG unit to operate the C-7A/B Caribou. In 1977, those aircraft were transferred to the Maryland Air Guard's 135th Tactical Airlift Squadron which operated them until the end of 1980.⁶⁹

9 June 1974. The Vermont Air Guard's 158th Fighter Interceptor Group was redesignated the 158th Defense Systems Evaluation Group (DSEG) and converted from F/TF-102As to EB-57B/Es. Like the Kansas Air Guard's 190th DSEG, its new mission was to conduct electronic tests and evaluations of the US air defense system.⁷⁰

14 June 1975. After Congress rejected a 1974 Department of Defense proposal to deactivate it and several other Air Guard outfits, New York's 102nd Fighter

Interceptor Squadron was redesignated the 102nd Aerospace Rescue and Recovery Squadron effective this date. To accomplish its new combat rescue mission, the unit converted from F/TF-102As to Lockheed HC-130H'Ps and Sikorsky HH-3Es.⁷¹

19-22 June 1975. About 70 members of the Montana Air Guard's 120th Fighter Interceptor Group were placed on State Active Duty (SAD) to deal with flooding in Great Falls and the central part of the state. They flew aerial recon missions, helped evacuate victims and their property, manned traffic control points, and guarded property that had been moved to the fairgrounds. They were assisted by four C-130s and personnel from the California ANG that flew in five 6,000 pound pumps and their fittings to the state.⁷²

30 June 1975. Congressional action for the fiscal year ending on this date preserved five ANG units scheduled to be eliminated and restored its authorized personnel end strength to 95,000 from the 89,128 that it had been slated to be cut to. Those cuts had been proposed by the Air Force and DOD in the Fiscal Year 1975 President's Budget as part of an effort to cut post Vietnam War military spending.⁷³

30 June 1975. In the Fiscal Year 1975 annual report of the Chief, NGB which covered the period ending on this date, Captain Richard O. Hostetler, ANGUS, was listed as Chief of the Personnel Procurement Branch of the Air Directorate's Personnel Division. This was the earliest documented instance of a separate ANG recruiting organization in the NGB.⁷⁴

26 June 1978. The Secretary of the Air Force, John C. Stetson, approved a recommendation to establish a "Fighter Weapons Office" at the Arizona ANG's facility at Tucson. Its mission was to participate in the development of fighter tactics and weapons delivery procedures for aircraft unique to the Air Reserve Components.⁷⁵

30 June 1978. The ANG Professional Military Education Center at Knoxville, Tennessee was renamed the I. G. Brown Professional Military Education Center in honor of the former Director of the Air National Guard (August 1962-April 1974) who had been instrumental in founding that organization.⁷⁶

30 June 1978. The 177th Fighter Interceptor Group, New Jersey Air Guard, began pulling a detached air defense alert mission at Naval Air Station New Orleans in addition to their normal home station alert. The detached alert mission ended on 1 September 1978.⁷⁷

June 1978. The 181st Air Refueling Squadron, Texas ANG, phased out the last Boeing KC-97L in the Guard's inventory. The KC-97 had been operated by 10 Air Guard units since it first entered service with them in 1961.⁷⁸

June 1978. Frances Myra Holt Arnold, a traditional Guard member assigned to the Texas ANG's state headquarters, became the first woman in Air Guard history to be promoted to the rank of chief master sergeant.⁷⁹

1 June 1979. Effective this date, the Air National Guard Support Center at Andrews AFB, Maryland was inactivated as a named activity. Concurrently, Headquarters, Air National Guard Support Center was constituted as a direct reporting unit and assigned to the U.S. Air Force. That action also designated the ANG Director as an Air Staff member having a dual appointment as the Commander of the Air National Guard Support Center and the Director of the Air National Guard. The center continued to develop, manage, and execute ANG programs developed by the National Guard Bureau and higher authorities.⁸⁰

12 June 1979. The first A-10 Thunderbolt II assigned to the 104th Tactical Fighter Group of the Massachusetts ANG arrived at the unit's home station at Barnes Airport, Westfield. The brand new aircraft was delivered directly from the Fairchild Republic plant in Hagerstown, Maryland.⁸¹

23 June 1979. The 137th Tactical Airlift Wing received four new C-130Hs at Will Rogers Airport in Oklahoma City, Oklahoma. That was the first time that an Air National Guard airlift unit had been equipped with a factory fresh transport aircraft.⁸²

29 June 1979. LTG La Vern E. Weber, an Army Guardsman, was pinned as the first 3-star Chief, National Guard Bureau (NGB).⁸³

June 1979. With the arrival of two T-43 aircraft at Buckley ANG Base, the Colorado Air Guard announced that it would be assuming the mission of supporting the U.S. Air Force Academy's Airmanship Program.⁸⁴

June 1980. For the first time in the history of the U.S. military reserve components, training was conducted with Japanese air units from the latter's home soil and in their skies. That distinction belonged to personnel plus F-4C and C-130 aircraft of the Hawaii Air National Guard's 154th Composite Group that deployed to Misawa Air Base to participate for a "Cope North" exercise.⁸⁵

June 1980. *National Guard* magazine reported that the Tactical Air Command had recently given the Texas Air Guard's 149th Fighter Group the primary responsibility for developing tactics and training programs for use by other ANG units to conduct the Tactical Air Support for Maritime Operations (TASMO) mission.⁸⁶

June 1981. KC-135s, aircrews and maintenance personnel from the Arizona Air Guard's 161st Air Refueling Group conducted their annual training at Guam and Diego Garcia. They offloaded 495,800 pounds of fuel while flying 64 hours. It was the first time that a SAC-gained ANG tanker unit had deployed to a Pacific Ocean or an Indian Ocean tanker task force location.⁸⁷

13 June 1983. A groundbreaking ceremony was held at Andrews AFB, Maryland to mark the start of construction on a new building to house the Air National Guard Support Center. Representative Marjorie Holt (R-Maryland) and Dr. Edward Philbin, the Deputy Assistant Secretary of Defense for Reserve Affairs, shared the honor of scooping out the first shovel of dirt from the construction site. Holt had been instrumental in shepherding the project through the Congress.⁸⁸

19 June 1985. The first McDonnell Douglas F-15 Eagle was formally accepted by the Air Guard in ceremonies at Alvin Callendar Field, Belle Chasse, Louisiana, home of the 159th Tactical Fighter Group. During its conversion, the Louisiana ANG unit exchanged its F-4Cs for both F-15As and F-15Bs.⁸⁹

1-7 June 1986. At Pope AFB, the C-130B equipped 145th Tactical Airlift Group, North Carolina, became the first Air National Guard unit to win the Military Airlift Command's tactical airdrop competition, "Volant Rodeo 86."⁹⁰

June 1986. Personnel and A-10s from the Maryland Air Guard's 175th Tactical Airlift Group deployed to George AFB, California to participate in exercise Air Warrior for the first time. They provided close air support for friendly or 'Blue Forces' at the Army's National Training Center (NTC) at Ft. Irwin, California. The NTC had been developed by the Army after the Vietnam War to provide highly realistic combat training like the Air Force's Red Flag exercises at Nellis AFB, Nevada.⁹¹

1 June 1992. The Air National Guard Support Center at Andrews AFB, Maryland was redesignated the Air National Guard Readiness Center effective this date.⁹²

28 June 1993. A 124th Fighter Group, Idaho ANG, F-4G "Wild Weasel" was illuminated by Iraqi surface air defense radar while escorting Joint Task Force Southern Watch aircraft over the southern no-fly zone in Iraq. The F-4G pilot launched an AGM-88 High Speed Anti-Radiation Missile (HARM) at the radar site and destroyed it before returning safely to base.⁹³

June 1993. In response to the growing violence and UN casualties in Somalia, the ANG deployed a partial Mobile Aerial Staging Facility to the Mogadishu International Airport. It was manned by ANG volunteers.⁹⁴

6 June 1994. Major Mike Williams, an electronics warfare officer assigned to the 124th Fighter Group, Idaho ANG, completed his 100th combat sortie when he flew an F-4G Wild Weasel mission over Iraq on this date.⁹⁵

27 June 1994. *The Air Force Times* reported that "Congressional heavyweights" had persuaded the Department of Defense to scrap Air Force plans to reduce five ANG C-130 units from 12 to 8 aircraft each.⁹⁶

20 June 1998. Operation Joint Forge began in Bosnia-Herzegovina as Operation Joint Guard simultaneously ended there.⁹⁷

June 1998. The 201st Airlift Squadron, District of Columbia ANG, rolled out its first two C-38A Astra operational airlift passenger transport aircraft in a ceremony at Andrews AFB, Maryland. The C-38A replaced the unit's C-21s.⁹⁸

1-2 June 1999. An advance party and four KC-135s from the 108th Air Refueling Wing, New Jersey ANG, departed for an undisclosed location in Europe to pave the way for additional unit members. The unit was called to active duty to support NATO operations in Kosovo.⁹⁹

3 June 1999. Yugoslavia accepted an international peace plan for ending the Kosovo conflict, bowing to NATO demands for withdrawal of all its army and police forces and deployment of a NATO-dominated peacekeeping force to that war-torn province.¹⁰⁰

4 June 1999. The Virginia ANG presented a proposal to the NGB to relocate the 192nd Fighter Wing from Richmond to Langley AFB and form a Virginia ANG associate unit at the latter location to fly the new F-22 “Raptor” as part of the Air Force’s First Fighter Wing when the latter organization received the aircraft.¹⁰¹

9 June 1999. Yugoslav military commanders signed a "military technical agreement" with NATO military commanders for Yugoslav forces to begin withdrawing from Kosovo on 10 June 1999.¹⁰²

10 June 1999. NATO suspended air attacks on Yugoslavia under Operation Allied Force after intelligence reports showed Yugoslav military forces evacuating Kosovo as agreed.¹⁰³

18 June 1999. Two Louisiana Air Guard F-15As from the 159th Fighter Wing that had deployed to Naval Air Station Keflavik in Iceland for a NATO exercise intercepted Russian TU-95 Bear bombers that had penetrated the Icelandic Military Air Defense Identification Zone in a long range probe not seen since the Cold War’s end. Two more Louisiana ANG Eagles, launched from Keflavik, escorted the bombers out of the area.¹⁰⁴

20 June 1999. NATO officially ended the air war against Yugoslavia, Operation Allied Force, after Serb forces had completed their withdrawal from Kosovo.¹⁰⁵

21 June 1999. ANG A-10s from the 104th Expeditionary Operations Group based at Trapani Air Base, Sicily, flew their final airborne close air support alert sorties for Operation Allied Force.¹⁰⁶

24 June 1999. Secretary of Defense William S. Cohen authorized the redeployment of some U.S. military aircraft that had participated in Operation Allied Force. He authorized 315 aircraft including 18 ANG A-10s from the 104th Expeditionary Operations Group to begin returning to their home stations.¹⁰⁷

24 June 1999. The ANG Crisis Action Team reported that, as of this date, 4,227 Air Guardsmen had been activated under the Presidential Selected

Reserve Call-Up for Kosovo operations and 2,976 of them had been deployed away from home station for those operations. The ANG had deployed 73 KC-135s and 18 A-10s for those operations as of this date.¹⁰⁸

30 June 1999. All 18 ANG A-10s of the 104th Expeditionary Operations Group departed Trapani Air Base, Sicily, for the continental United States. The aircraft, their crews and support personnel had participated in Operation Allied Force.¹⁰⁹

16-18 June 2000. During a McConnell AFB Open House, the 184th Bomb Wing, Kansas ANG, unveiled to the public its newly modernized B-1 Lancer bombers. Equipped with 24 all-weather precision guided Joint Direct Attack Munitions (JDAM) and Global Positioning System (GPS) receivers, each of the bombers could strike 24 different targets during a single bomb run with 2,000 pound warheads with a high degree of accuracy around the clock in all weather conditions.¹¹⁰

June 2001. Oregon Air Guardsmen and F-15s from the 173rd Fighter Wing spent over two weeks in Poland demonstrating air-to-air combat techniques to their new NATO allies.¹¹¹

3 June 2002. Maj. Gen. Daniel James III, the Adjutant General of Texas and a Vietnam combat veteran, became the Director of the Air National Guard and was promoted to the rank of lieutenant general. He was the first three-star officer and the first African-American officer to hold that assignment.¹¹²

22 June 2002. An aircrew from the 116th Bomb Wing, Georgia ANG, flew the unit's last scheduled B-1 training flight. The unit would become the 116th Air Control Wing on 1 October 2002 and transition to the E-8C Joint STARS (Surveillance Target Attack Radar System).¹¹³

3 June 2006. 55 Utah National Guardsmen were sent to the Arizona-Mexico border on this date. They were expected to begin operations supporting the U.S. Border Patrol by June 5th. The entire National Guard mission to strengthen border security, directed by President George W. Bush, was known as Operation Jump Start.¹¹⁴

15 June 2006. The first Arizona Guardsmen working under President George W. Bush's plan for the National Guard to strengthen border security, Operation Jump Start, began arriving at that state's boundary with Mexico.¹¹⁵

1 June 2007. In a ceremony at Tyndall AFB, Florida, First Air Force celebrated the opening of the 601st Air and Space Operations Center. The \$30 million state-of-the-art facility was conceived in the aftermath of the 11 September 2001 terrorist attacks on the United States as a key ingredient in strengthening the nation's air defense system. It also was responsible for coordinating life-saving operations during natural and man-made disasters.¹¹⁶

15 June 2007. Major Kevin Sonnenberg, 112th Fighter Squadron, 180th Fighter Wing, Ohio ANG, died when his F-16 jet crashed five miles north of Balad AB in Iraq after takeoff. Maj Sonnenberg had just departed on a mission to provide air support to coalition ground forces fighting anti-Iraqi forces, but no sources reveal whether the crash was combat related.¹¹⁷

15 June 2007. The last operational F-16A in the total Air Force inventory flew its final mission when it took off from the home station of the Arizona Air Guard's 162nd Fighter Wing at Tucson to indefinite storage at the Aerospace Maintenance and Regeneration Group at Davis-Monthan AFB, Arizona. The unit had trained 1,640 U.S. and allied pilots in the F-16A/B pilots since it took on that mission in 1985. Those pilots represented 22 of the 24 nations that fly the fighter.¹¹⁸

22 June 2007. At the request of senior Air Force officials, the Minnesota Air National Guard's 148th Fighter Wing established an Air Sovereignty Alert (ASA) operation at Shaw AFB, South Carolina. They also continued to perform the ASA mission at their home station in Duluth, Minnesota. Both sites were part of Operation Noble Eagle (ONE).¹¹⁹

29 June 2007. The 178th Fighter Squadron, 119th Fighter Wing, North Dakota ANG began flying MQ-1 Predator missions from Hector Field, Fargo, North Dakota.¹²⁰

June 2007. The last of eight new C-130J transports was delivered to the 143rd Airlift Wing, Rhode Island ANG, at its home station in Providence, Quonset State Airport.¹²¹

13 June 2008. Effective this date, Col. Allyson R. Solomon was promoted to brigadier general and became the first African-American and the first woman ever to assume the post of Assistant Adjutant General for Air in Maryland.¹²²

13 June 2008. Federal Judge Richard Mills dismissed the Illinois Governor Rod R. Blagojevich's lawsuit to prevent the state's 183rd Fighter Wing from losing its F-16s as directed by BRAC 2005. Twice previously, federal judges had dismissed the governor's lawsuit on procedural grounds. This time the lawsuit was decided on its merits.¹²³

18 June 2008. Members of the Missouri Air Guard's 131st Bomb Wing (BW) performed their first solo B-1A mission on this date. The aircraft was launched by ANG crew chiefs and was flown by ANG pilots. The 131st has been converted to a classic associate unit of the Air Force's 509th BW at Whiteman AFB, Missouri due to a BRAC 2005 decision that stripped the former unit of its fighter mission. Announced plans were to transfer 25 ANG pilots and nearly 500 ANG maintenance, operations and support staff to Whiteman AFB.¹²⁴

26 June 2008. The 302nd Air Expeditionary Group (AEG) consisting of Air Guard and Air Force Reserve assets from North Carolina, Wyoming and Colorado began wildfire fighting operations out of McClellan Airfield, California. Their C-130s were joined in the 302 AEG by Navy and Marine helicopters equipped with water buckets. On 2 July 2008, bucket-carrying HH-60G helicopters of the California ANG's 129th Rescue Wing (RW) were certified for firefighting and joined the firefighting operation. The 129 RW was the first rescue unit in the total Air Force to qualify for that mission.¹²⁵

26 June 2008. The final Officer Commissioning class at McGhee Tyson ANGB in Knoxville, Tennessee was held. As part of TFI, The Academy of Military Science (AMS) and its association with the Air National Guard's officer

commissioning program transferred from the I.G. Brown Air National Guard Training and Education Center at McGhee Tyson to Maxwell Air Force Base, Alabama. Since its founding at McGhee Tyson ANGB in 1971, AMS commissioned more than 14,000 officers in the Air Reserve Component (ARC).¹²⁶

30 June 2008. The 183rd Fighter Wing (FW), Illinois ANG, was assigned two new non-flying missions on this date. The unit, which was slated to lose its F-16s before the end of the year due to BRAC 2005, would establish the 183rd Air Operations Group and a centralized intermediate repair facility for the General Electric F110 engine. The engine facility would support five ANG F-16 flying units. The 183rd FW was scheduled to begin converting to the new roles in FY 2009.¹²⁷

25 June 2009. Senate National Guard Caucus leaders Patrick J. Leahy (D-Vt.) and Christopher S. Bond (R-Mo.) reintroduced legislation titled the National Guard Empowerment Act III. Among other provisions, it would: place the Chief, NGB on the JCS; create an NGB Vice Chief; give the NGB budgetary authority; and ensure that Governors retained “tactical control” of the Guard when operating domestically. This was the culmination of a long, albeit intermittent, drive by National Guard interests and their political allies to assure that the Guard had a bigger say within the military establishment when critical decisions were being made that impacted its interests. That drive had begun as early as 1920 when National Guardsmen convinced the Congress that the Chief of the Militia Bureau (today’s NGB) must by law be a National Guard officer instead of the regular Army officers who had held the post up to that point.¹²⁸

26 June 2009. The last commissioned officer training class graduated from the Academy of Military Science (AMS) at McGhee-Tyson ANGB, TN prior to the school’s move to Maxwell AFB, AL, where it would be co-located with Air Force Officer Training School (OTS).¹²⁹

1 June 2010. The first class of aspiring Air National Guard F-16 crew chiefs reported to the Arizona ANG’s 162nd Fighter Wing’s new maintenance school at Davis-Monthan AFB, Arizona.¹³⁰

3 June 2010. The Pentagon announced that the National Guard Bureau had chosen the states of Ohio and Washington to field the first two homeland response forces (HRFs). Each HRF would consist of about 570 Army and Air Guardsmen organized in a unit with a self-deployable capability to respond across the country to chemical, biological, radiological, nuclear and high-yield explosive incidents. Plans called for 8 more HRFs, 1 to be located in each of the Federal Emergency Management Agency's 10 regions.¹³¹

6 June 2010. Colonel Peter Hronek, commander of the Montana Air Guard's 120th Fighter Wing, reported on this date that his unit had achieved its initial operational capability (IOC) in its BRAC-mandated conversion from F-16s to F-15s. The unit was a full year ahead of schedule in achieving its IOC milestone.¹³²

15 June 2010. President Obama announced that he had authorized 17,000 National Guard troops to help deal with the oil spill in the Gulf of Mexico. At that point, only 1,600 Guardsmen had been called up because of the disaster.¹³³

23 June 2010. The last Hawaii ANG F-15 (F-15C) mission was accomplished, marking the end of 22 years of Eagle flying by that organization.¹³⁴

30 June 2010. The first four A-10s landed at the Indiana ANG's base in Fort Wayne as the 122nd Fighter Wing started phasing out its F-16s.¹³⁵

29 June 2012. Gen. Martin E. Dempsey, JCS Chairman, announced that President Obama had nominated Lt. Gen. Frank C. Grass, Deputy Commander of U.S. Northern Command, to be the next NGB Chief. Grass was a Missouri Army National Guardsman.¹³⁶

1 Jun 2010. The 102d Maintenance Group (MXG), Massachusetts ANG based at Otis ANGB, and its three subordinate units (102d Maintenance Squadron (MXS), 102d Aircraft Maintenance Squadron (AMS), and 102d

Maintenance Operations Flight (MOF)) inactivated.²

2 Jun 2010. The 103d Airlift Wing, Connecticut Air National Guard (CT ANG) based at Bradley Air National Guard Station, CT, shipped the 50th TF-30 engine that received work at its Centralized Repair Facility (CRF). Though still technically a temporary facility with a large training component, the CRF had been in operation since 2007 overhauling ANG and active duty equipment, over \$65 million in value to this date.³

3 Jun - 23 Aug 2010. The 125th Fighter Wing, Florida ANG responded to a request from the Florida State Emergency Operations Center (EOC) to provide assistance in response to Operation Deepwater Horizon. Two members assigned to the 114th Range Operations Squadron (ROPS) at Patrick AFB, Florida, were deployed to Tallahassee, Florida.

3 Jun 2010. The Pentagon announced that the National Guard Bureau had chosen Ohio and Washington State to field the first two Homeland Response Forces (HRFs). Each HRF would consist of about 570 Army and Air Guardsmen organized in a unit with a self-deployable capability to respond across the country to chemical, biological, radiological, nuclear and high-yield explosive incidents. Plans called for 8 more HRFs, 1 to be located in each of the Federal Emergency Management Agency's 10 regions.⁴

6 Jun 2010. Colonel Peter Hronek, commander of the Montana Air Guard's 120th Fighter Wing, reported that the 120 FW had achieved its initial operational capability (IOC) in its BRAC-mandated conversion from the F-16 Fighting Falcon to the F-15 Eagle. The unit was a full year ahead of schedule in achieving its IOC milestone.⁵

² (U) Letter (U), Department of the Air Force, "(U) Organization actions affecting certain Air National Guard units-DAF/A1M 196t," 21 May 2010, **SD 9005**; Special Order GBS-13 (U), 6 June 2010, **SD 9872**.

³ (U) Article (U), "(U) Connecticut ANG repair facility ships 50th engine," *National Guard News*, 17 June 2010, **SD 0082**.

⁴ (U) Article (U), "(U) First Response Forces Announced," *Air Force Magazine*, August 2010, pp. 14-15.

⁵ (U) Article (U), "(U) Montana Guard Reaches F-15C IOC," *Air Force Magazine*, August 2010, p. 15. **SD 0084**

7 Jun 2010. The 131st Bomb Wing, Missouri ANG, a B-2 classic associate unit with the active duty 509th Bomb Wing based at Whiteman Air Force Base, Missouri, participated in Global Strike Command's first ever "Global Strike Challenge." It was a competition among Global Strike Command's Intercontinental ballistic missiles, B-2 Spirit, B-52 Stratofortress, and B-1 Lancer units.⁶

15 Jun 2010. President Barack Obama authorized 17,000 National Guard personnel to help deal with the oil spill in the Gulf of Mexico. At that point, only 1,600 Guardsmen had been called up because of the disaster.⁷

30 Jun 2010. The first four A-10s landed at the 122d Fighter Wing, Indiana ANG in Fort Wayne as part of their phasing out its F-16s.⁸

30 Jun - 7 Oct 2010. The 172d Airlift Wing, Mississippi ANG responded to a request from the Mississippi Joint Forces Headquarters, Joint Operations Center (MS JFH JOC) to provide support for the Deepwater Horizon oil spill response. The 172d AW deployed five personnel. All personnel returned to home station without incident.

8 Jun 2011. An HC-130 Hercules rescue plane and pararescue jumpers assigned to the 106th Rescue Wing, New York ANG, deployed to Patrick AFB, Florida, to support NASA's final Space Shuttle launch.⁹

1 Jun 2013. The 101st Air Communications Squadron (ACOMS) was activated and assigned to the Florida ANG.¹⁰

5 Jun 2013. Six F-16s and over 60 personnel from the 140th Wing, Colorado

⁶ (U) Article (U), Crystal Jordan, "(U) Command's first ever Global Strike Challenge underway," 7 June 2010, [SD 0085](#).

⁷ (U) Article (U), Paul Conner, "(U) Obama promises 17,000 National Guard Troops for Gulf oil clean-up, but only 1,600 activated so far," *The Daily Caller*, 17 June 2010, [SD 0092](#).

⁸ (U) Article (U), "(U) 1st new jets arrive for Indiana Air Guard unit," *Chicago Tribune*, 1 July 2010.

⁹ (U) Article (U), "(U) New York Air Guard supports NASA's final shuttle mission," *National Guard News*, 11 July 2011, [SD 0146](#).

¹⁰ (U) Special Order G-101 (U), 28 May 2013, [SD 9864](#).

ANG, deployed to Jordan to participate in Eager Lion 2013. Eager Lion was a major bilateral strategic theater cooperation exercise between Jordan and the US focusing on irregular warfare, special operations, and counterinsurgency. The 112th Expeditionary Fighter Squadron, 180th Fighter Wing, Ohio Air National Guard also participated. F-16s from both units remained in Jordan at the request of the host nation to continue training activities. The Colorado ANG had been the State Partnership Program affiliate of the Royal Jordanian Air Force since 2004.¹¹

1 Jun 2014. The 201st Combat Communications Group (CCG), Hawaii ANG, was inactivated. Its subordinate units 201st Intelligence Squadron, 291st Combat Communications Squadron, 292d Combat Communications Squadron, 293d Combat Communications Squadron, and 297th Air Traffic Control Squadron were reassigned to the 154th Wing, Hawaii ANG.¹²

4 – 24 Jun 2014. F-22 Raptor aircraft assigned to the 199th Fighter Squadron, 154th Wing, Hawaii ANG, and F-15C aircraft assigned to the 131st Fighter Squadron, 104th Fighter Wing, Massachusetts ANG, deployed to Royal Malaysian Air Force P.U. Butterworth, Malaysia, to participate in Cope Taufan 2014 (CT14). Cope Taufan is a biennial PACAF-sponsored combined Large Force Employment (LFE) exercise with the Royal Malaysian Air Force. The 199th FS deployed six F-22 Raptors and the 131st FS deployed eight F-15C Eagles. This was the first F-22 deployment to Southeast Asia.¹³

¹¹ (U) Article (U), Lieven Dewitte, "(U) Colorado ANG F-16s participate in Eager Lion," *F-16.net news*, 5 June 2013, [SD 0237](#); Article (U), Marc V. Schanz, "Eager Lion," *Air Force Magazine*, September 2013, pp. 56-62, 64.

¹² (U) Memorandum (U), NGB/A1M, "(U) OAL 14-17-HW 201st Combat Communications Group," 23 May 2014, [SD 9035](#); Letter (U), Department of the Air Force, "(U) DAF/A1M 485t-Organization actions affecting certain Air National Guard units," 18 February 2014, [SD 9001](#); Memorandum (U), NGB/A1M, "(U) OAL 14-18-Reassignment of Certain ANG units," 27 May 2014, [SD 0091](#); Report (U//FOUO), NGB/A8, "(U) Schedule of Changes," March 2014, [SD 0092](#)

¹³ (U) Report (U//FOUO), Cope Taufan Project Officer-Major Shane Nagatani, 199 FS, "(U) COPE TAUFAN 2014 AFTER ACTION REPORT," 31 August 2014, [SD 1069](#); Article (U), David Cenciotti, "(U) Aerial Combat between U.S. Air Force F-22 Raptors and F-15 Eagles, seen from inside," *The Aviationist*, 18 June 2014, [SD 1070](#); Briefing (U), Cope Taufan 14 Outbrief, n.d., [SD 1207](#)

7 Jun 2014. The 111th Fighter Wing (FW) and the 103d Fighter Squadron (FS), Pennsylvania ANG, were redesignated 111th Attack Wing (ATKW) and 103d Attack Squadron (ATKS). Air Combat Command (ACC) remained the gaining command. In addition, the 111th Maintenance Group (MXG), the 111th Maintenance Squadron (MXS), the 111th Aircraft Maintenance Squadron (AMXS), and the 111th Maintenance Operations Flight (MOF) were inactivated.¹⁴

16 Jun 2014. Director, Air National Guard, Lieutenant General Stanley E. Clarke III, hosted the Change of Command ceremony which Brigadier General R. Scott Williams relinquished command of the Air National Guard Readiness Center (ANGRC) to Brigadier General Michael R. Taheri.¹⁵

18 Jul 2014. By order of the Secretary of the Air Force, Headquarters 191st Airlift Group, Michigan ANG, inactivated on 1 April 1996 was consolidated with Headquarters 127th Air Refueling Group, Michigan ANG, an active unit. The consolidated unit retained the designation of the active unit. Upon consolidation, the active unit (HQ 127th ARG) was entitled to all honors belonging to the unit inactivated (191st AG).¹⁶

27 – 30 Jun 2014. The 109th Airlift Wing, New York ANG based at Stratton ANGB, Schenectady County Airport, New York, deployed about 70 personnel and two ski-equipped LC-130H Hercules aircraft to Kangerlussuaq, Greenland. The New York Air Guardsmen flew to Greenland to train for Operation Deep Freeze (ODF), a joint-service effort to provide support to the National Science Foundation (NSF). Six training deployments to Greenland were scheduled in 2014 to prepare the unit for Operation Deep Freeze

¹⁴ (U) Memorandum (U), NGB/A1M, “(U) OAL 14-16-111th Fighter Wing Redesignation,” 27 May 2014, **SD 9023**; Letter (U), Department of the Air Force, “(U) DAF/A1M 504t-Organization actions affecting certain Air National Guard units,” 21 May 2014, **SD 9024**

¹⁵ (U) Email (U), ANGRG/CCY, to ANGRG/All Staff, “(U) Invitation to the Air National Guard Readiness Center Change of Command-16 June 2014,” 3 June 2014, **SD 1073**

¹⁶ (U) Letter (U), Department of the Air Force, “(U) DAF/A1M 516t-Consolidation of the 191st Airlift Group,,” 18 July 2014, **SD 0095**

mission in Antarctica. In the winter months, the 109th Airlift Wing flies to Antarctica to support ODF which are at forward-deployed locations for the enhancement of science. Training in Greenland is critical for mission success in the Antarctic. Since arctic weather can easily affect aircraft operating in the region, unit aircraft maintainers need to learn how to fix aircraft under harsh wintery conditions. The LC-130 are the only aircraft of its kind in the military that are able to land on snow and ice and fly supply and refueling missions to the different camps NSF works out of, both in Greenland and Antarctica. Greenland offers a safer training environment for aircrews and maintainers to train for the ODF season.¹⁷

28 Jun 2014. Master Sergeant Michael Sears, 177th Fighter Wing, New Jersey ANG, was awarded the Silver Star medal. MSgt Sears, an Explosive Ordnance Disposal technician for the 177th FW, became the second ANG member to win the Silver Star, a medal awarded for valor in combat. In addition, New Jersey ANG sources claim MSGT Sears is the first Guardsman from New Jersey to win the Silver Star since WWII.¹⁸

1 Jun 2015. The 261st Combat Communications Squadron, CA ANG was redesignated as the 261st Cyberspace Operations Squadron. Air Force Space Command remained the gaining command.¹⁹

2 Jun 2016. Lieutenant General L. Scott Rice, Director, Air National Guard, hosted a Welcoming Ceremony in honor of the next Air National Guard Command Chief Master Sergeant, Chief Master Sergeant Ronald C. Anderson Jr. at the 213th Maintenance Squadron, Hangar 8, Joint Base Andrews, Maryland.²⁰

¹⁷ (U) Article (U), TSgt Catherine Schmidt, 109th Airlift Wing/PA, "(U) Airmen, aircraft continue Greenland mission," 2 July 2014, **SD 1074**; Fact Sheet (U), 109th Airlift Wing, "(U) LC-130 Hercules," n.d., **SD 1075**

¹⁸ (U) Article (U), Brian Everstine, "(U) Silver Star for EOD tech," *Air Force Times*, 4 July 2014, **SD 1076**

¹⁹ (U) Memo (U), NGB/A1M, "(U)Organization Action Letter (OAL)-15-08: 261st Combat Communications Squadron redesignation," 19 May 2015, **SD 9027**; DAF Letter (U), Department of the Air Force, "(U) DAF/A1M 604t-Redesignation of the 261st Combat Communications Squadron," 18 May 2015, **SD 9028**

²⁰ (U) Email (U), USAF JB A-NAFW NGB CCY Executive Services to USAF JB A-

15 Jun 2016. MQ-9A Reaper crews assigned to the 174th Attack Wing, New York Air National Guard (NY ANG) began flying daily missions from its home station at Hancock International Airport in Syracuse to Wheeler-Sack Army Airfield, Fort Drum. The flights were conducted in cooperation with the Civil Air Patrol aircraft, which would trail the Reaper Remote Piloted Aircraft through its outgoing movements to Ft. Drum and its return to home station airspace. This procedure was expected to continue through 2017, after which radar technology was expected to relay the same information as the Civil Air Patrol pilots. The MQ-9 routes to and from Ft. Drum were approved airspace with strict operating procedures and instructions established. The 174th Attack Wing was the first in the Air Force to fly Remote Piloted Aircraft (RPA) in Class C airspace, frequently found around commercial airports. From October 2011 through December 2015, the 174th ATKW flew the MQ-9 exclusively at Ft. Drum with crew members based there who remotely operated the aircraft during takeoff and landing while crews at Hancock Field took over flight operations once airborne. Launching the MQ-9 from Hancock Field was expected to save \$1 million annually, primarily in the cost of shuttling crews between Syracuse to Fort Drum.²¹

1 Jun 2017. I.G. Brown Training and Education Center Change of Command ceremony between Col Kevin Donovan (outgoing) and Colonel Kerry Lovely (incoming).²²

3 Jun 2017. The 176th Wing, Alaska Air National Guard accepted its first HC-130J Combat King II aircraft to replaced its older HC-130P/N aircraft. It was the first of four aircraft scheduled to replace the older models. The 176 WG uses the HC-130 aircraft to execute its search and rescue mission.²³

1 Jun 2018. The 107th Weather Flight (107 WXF), Michigan Air National

NAFW NGB CC LIST ALL STAFF, et al., "(U)DANG Hosts ANG CCM Welcome Ceremony iho CMSgt Ronald C. Anderson Jr.," 1 June 2016, [SD 0822](#)

²¹ (U) Article (U), Gordon Block, "(U) Air National Guard starting daily drone flights from Syracuse to Fort Drum," *Watertown Daily News*, 17 June 2016, [SD 0854](#)

²² (U) Briefing (U//FOUO), Brig Gen Steven Nordhaus, ANGRC Commander, "(U) ANGRC Commander's Weekly Staff Meeting," 18 April 2017, [SD 9038](#)

²³ (U) Article (U), "Alaska Air National Guard welcomes HC-130J Combat King II to fleet," *KTVA-Alaska/NGB/PA Update*, 15 June 2017, [SD 0305](#); Briefing (U), Brig Gen Wark, Director, "(U) A2/3/6/10 Weekly Staff Meeting- PR/SOF/BA," 5 June 2017, [SD 0306](#)

Guard (MI ANG) was inactivated.²⁴

1 Jun 2018. The 119th Aircraft Maintenance Squadron (119 AMXS) was activated and assigned to the 119th Wing (119 WG), North Dakota Air National Guard (ND ANG). Air Combat Command was the 119 AMXS's gaining command.²⁵

6 Jun 2018. United States Air Forces Europe (USAFE) designated and activated the 131st Expeditionary Fighter Squadron (131 EFS), a provisional unit at Campia Turzii, Romania and assigned it to the 52d Operations Group. Upon inactivation, any unit awards and honors earned by the 131 EFS were conferred upon the 131st Fighter Squadron (123 FS), Massachusetts Air National Guard (MA ANG).²⁶

13 Jun 2018. Brigadier General Russell L. Ponder, Director, NGB/A4/7, announced that Colonel Barbara "Bobby" Buls was the new NGB/A4 principal Deputy Director. Col Buls replaced Colonel Michael Shea.²⁷

14 Jun 2018. The 200th Airlift Squadron (200 AS), Colorado Air National Guard (CO ANG) was inactivated.²⁸

22 Jun 2018. A Change of Command Ceremony took place at the Air National Guard-Air Force Reserve Command Test Center (AATC) at Tucson Air National Guard Base, Arizona, between Colonel Diablo Maldonado (outgoing)

²⁴ (U) Memorandum (U), NGB/A1M, "(U) Organizational Action Letter (OAL) 18-05: 107th Weather Flight Inactivation," 30 April 2018, **SD 9017**; Letter (U), DAF/A1M 773t: Organization actions affecting certain Air National Guard units," 27 April 2018, **SD 9018**

²⁵ (U) Letter (U), DAF/A1M 773t: Organization actions affecting certain Air National Guard units," 27 April 2018, **SD 9018**; Memorandum (U), NGB/A1M, "(U) Organizational Action Letter (OAL) 18-07: 119th Aircraft Maintenance Squadron Activation," 1 May 2018, **SD 9022**

²⁶ (U) Special Order (U), Department of the Air Force-Headquarters United States Air Forces in Europe, "(U) GD-04," 7 March 2018, **SD 9012**

²⁷ (U) Email (U), USAF JB A-NAFW NGB CC Mailbox ANGR Command Section, "(U) INFO: A4 leadership Announcement," 13 June 2018, **SD 0194**

²⁸ (U) Memorandum (U), NGB/A1M, "(U) Organizational Action Letter (OAL) 18-06: 200th Airlift Squadron Inactivation," 30 April 2018, **SD 9019**; Letter (U), DAF/A1M 774t: Organization actions affecting certain Air National Guard units," 27 April 2018, **SD 9020**

and Colonel Astro Wenthe (incoming). Officially, AATC is Detachment 11 of the National Guard Bureau.²⁹

30 Jun 2018. Brigadier General Nicholas A. Gentile, South Carolina Air National Guard was appointed Director, Operations (A2/3/6), Air National Guard Readiness Center (ANGRC).³⁰

9 Jun 2019. The 223d Combat Communications Squadron (223 CBCS) inactivated on 15 April 2008 is activated and redesignated 223d Cyberspace Operations Squadron (223 CYOS) and allotted to the Arkansas Air National Guard (AR ANG). Air Force Space Command is the gaining Major Command (MAJCOM).³¹

²⁹ (U) Briefing (U), Brigadier General Steven Nordhaus, Commander Air National Guard Readiness Center, "(U) Air National Guard Readiness Center Weekly Staff Meeting: AATC Update," 19 June 2018, **SD 9116**

³⁰ (U) Memorandum (U), National Guard Bureau, "(U) Memorandum for the Adjutants general of all states and territories and the commanding General of the District of Columbia: General officer Personnel Assignments, June 2018," 30 June 2018, **SD 0202**

³¹ (U) DAF Letter (U), Department of the Air Force, "(U) DAF/A1M 849t: Allotment of the 223d Cyberspace Operations Squadron," 30 April 2019, **SD 9009**; Memorandum (U), NGB/A1M, "(U) organization Action Letter (OAL) 19-05: 223d Cyberspace Operations Squadron," 14 May 2019, **SD 9010**

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- ³ Francillon, *Air Guard*, p. 15.
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- ¹⁸ Article (U), Lt Col James Lightfoot, NGB Historian, "Invasion From Above," *The On Guard*, June 1994, p 15.
- ¹⁹ MSgt Ernest J. Vardalas, Headquarters Illinois ANG, and TSgt Melvin M. Bytnar, 126th Air Refueling Wing, Illinois ANG, *Illinois Air National Guard: Fiftieth Anniversary, 1927-1977*, (Headquarters, Illinois ANG, First Edition, August 1978), p. 96.
- ²⁰ Rpt (U), Major Michael D. Soule, Michigan ANG, Subj.: "The Unit History of the 107th Tactical Reconnaissance Squadron, Michigan Air National Guard, October 1940 To November 1945," Maxwell AFB, AL. Air Command and Staff College, Report No. 2390-78, April 1978, p. 40.
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- ³⁰ Gross, *Prelude*, p 86.
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